

## SUPERLIFE KIWISAVER SCHEME

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**For the year ended 31 March 2025

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as at 31 March 2025

Director



Assets Cash	Note	31-Mar-25 \$ -	31-Mar-24 \$ -
Investments at fair value through profit or loss PIE tax receivable Total assets	6 5(e)	2,509,891,137 3,479,182 2,513,370,319	2,288,077,939 2,059,594 2,290,137,533
<b>Liabilities</b> Administration fees payable	9	(21,735)	(21,730)
Other payables Total liabilities	9	(235,978) (257,713)	(169,654) (191,384)
Total net assets available for benefits to members		2,513,112,606	2,289,946,149
Liability for benefits		2,513,112,606	2,289,946,149

For and on behalf of the Manager, Smartshares Limited, which authorised the issue of the financial statements on 28 July 2025

Director

Signed by:

Graham Law

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Pocusigned by:

Mark Puterson

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The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



## **Statement of Changes in Net Assets**

for the year ended 31 March 25



	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
		\$	\$
Investment activities			
Net changes in fair value of investments	6	104,871,958	262,462,309
Other Income		730	32,078
Scheme expenses	9(a)	(2,468,153)	(2,259,376)
Net profit before membership activities		102,404,535	260,235,011
Membership activities			
Contributions received from and in respect of members:			
- Member contributions		172,396,896	159,195,596
- Employer contributions		91,251,087	86,226,642
- Member tax credits		24,460,100	22,573,263
- Transfers in		60,315,143	44,746,178
		348,423,225	312,741,679
Less: Withdrawal benefits paid			
- Transfers out		(144,672,614)	(99,446,565)
- First home withdrawal		(23,075,845)	(16,649,126)
- Retirement benefits		(45,989,262)	(46,570,349)
- Mortgage diversion payments		(14,327)	(19,017)
- Financial hardship		(4,840,137)	(2,722,740)
- Permanent emigration		(2,129,288)	(1,531,372)
- Payments under other enactments		(1,139,790)	(355,448)
- Death		(2,957,809)	(3,199,685)
- Serious illness		(1,922,638)	(1,540,274)
- Invalid enrolments and refunds		(3,093,808)	(2,276,507)
		(229,835,520)	(174,311,083)
Less: Administration & Advisor fees	9(a)	(1,298,723)	(1,004,308)
Net PIE tax refunded/(paid)	5(e)	3,472,939	2,420,078
Net membership activities		120,761,922	139,846,367
Increase in net assets during the year		223,166,457	400,081,378
Net assets available for benefits			
The second distribution of policino			
Opening balance		2,289,946,149	1,889,864,771
Increase in net assets during the year		223,166,457	400,081,378
Closing balance		2,513,112,606	2,289,946,149
Circuity balance		2,313,112,000	2,203,340,149

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.





for the year ended 31 March 25



	Note	31 March 2025 \$	31 March 2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		•	·
Cash was provided from:			
- Sale of investments		275,964,046	202,234,370
- Funds from Interest Income		730	32,078
Cash was applied to:			
- Purchase of investments		(392,905,311)	(343,444,888)
- Scheme expenses		(2,401,829)	(2,200,106)
		(395,307,140)	(345,644,994)
Net cash flows from operating activities	8	(119,342,364)	(143,378,546)
<u>-</u>		(****)******	(* 10,010,00
Cash flows from financing activities			
Cash was provided from: - Contributions received from and in respect of members a	and ampleyers	288,108,083	267,995,501
- Transfers in	ind employers	60,315,143	44,746,178
- Hallstels III		348,423,225	312,741,679
Cash was applied to:			
- Withdrawal benefits paid		(85,162,906)	(74,864,518)
- Transfers out		(144,672,614)	(99,446,565)
		(229,835,520)	(174,311,083)
Administration fees		(1,298,692)	(1,004,360)
Net PIE tax refund (paid)/received on behalf of members		2,053,350	5,951,856
Net cash flows from financing activities		119,342,364	143,378,093
Net cash flows from operating and financing activities			(453)
Cash at beginning of the year		-	453
Cash at end of the year		-	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.





Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 25

#### General information

The SuperLife KiwiSaver scheme (the "Scheme") is a KiwiSaver scheme (KSS 10022) registered in New Zealand under the KiwiSaver Act 2006 (the "Act"). The Scheme was established under a trust deed, dated 2 November 2016 and amended and restated on 30 April 2021 (the "Trust Deed"), for the principal purpose of providing KiwiSaver benefits to its members and is open to everyone eligible to join KiwiSaver. The Scheme is also registered under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (the "FMCA 2013") with effect from 9 November 2016 and the registration number is SCH 10768. The Scheme's principal address of business is 45 Queen Street, Auckland 1010.

Members and employers contribute to the Scheme over time by way of regular savings, lump sum payments or transfer of funds from other sources which are received via the Inland Revenue. The Scheme also receives annual government contributions for eligible members in accordance with the Act. Benefits payable, which can be paid as a lump sum or a series of withdrawals, depend on contributions made (including annual government contributions) and any returns on contributions received.

The Scheme is supervised by Public Trust (the "Supervisor"). The Supervisor oversees the Scheme and ensures the Trust Deed is being complied with by the Scheme. Smartshares Limited is the manager of the Scheme (the "Manager"). The Manager in its role as investment manager invests the assets of the Scheme through SuperLife Invest ("SLI"). SLI has the same Supervisor and Manager as the Scheme.

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Scheme have been drawn up in accordance with the Trust Deed and comply with the requirements of the FMCA 2013, New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice as defined in the Financial Reporting Act 2013, New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("NZ IFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the reporting period.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. All amounts are in New Zealand Dollars (NZD), rounded to the nearest dollar. The NZD is also the functional currency of the

The financial statement covers the year ended 31 March 2025. Comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2024 has been provided for the

### Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates that affect the reported amounts and the application of accounting policies. It also requires the Manager to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies of the

Discussion of the critical accounting estimates and judgements used is included in note 6 on investments at fair value through profit or loss.

## Classification of assets and liabilities

Assets and liabilities are disclosed in the Statement of Net Assets in an order that reflects their relative liquidity.

## Summary of significant accounting policies

## (a) Financial instruments

## (i) Classification

Financial assets are classified based on the business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets in accordance with NZ IFRS 9: Financial instruments





Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 25

## 5 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## (a) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (i) Classification (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: These include investments at fair value through profit or loss. The information about these financial assets and liabilities is mainly evaluated on a fair value basis together with other related financial information used to assess the assets and liabilities performance and to make decisions. All investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost: These include cash and receivables. Receivables do not carry any interest and are short-term in nature

Financial liabilities at amortised cost: These represent amounts payable to service providers, members' benefits and other accruals. These are measured at amortised cost and included in the Statement of Net Assets as payables.

#### (ii) Recognition, derecognition and measurement

The financial statements of the Scheme recognise financial assets and financial liabilities on the date the Scheme becomes a party to the contractual agreement (trade date).

Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the financial assets has expired or the Scheme has substantially transferred all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets within 'net changes in fair value of investments' in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets at amortised cost are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less an allowance for impairment based on the expected credit losses (ECL).

Financial liabilities at amortised cost are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## (iii) Fair value determination

Fair values have been determined as follows:

Unlisted managed investment trusts established under SLI (the "Funds"): the unit price (redemption price per unit) of the Funds as reported by the Manager on the balance date.

## (iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Net Assets, only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Scheme or the counterparty.

## (b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents ("Cash") means cash at bank, demand deposits and other highly liquid investments.





Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 25

#### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## (c) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency (NZD) using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets within 'net changes in fair value of investments'.

#### (d) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as the interest accrues using the effective interest method, which is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset

The Scheme is a Portfolio Investment Entity ("PIE"). Under the PIE regime, income is effectively taxed in the hands of the members and therefore the Scheme does not have an income tax liability.

The Scheme attributes the taxable income to members in accordance with their proportionate interest. Income attributed to each member is taxed at the member's Prescribed Investor Rate which is capped at 28%. The tax balance included in the Statement of Net Assets represents PIE tax receivable or payable on behalf of the members. The members' net tax position is accrued and the value of members' funds has been adjusted to reflect the impact of tax payable/receivable on the value of the members' interest in the Scheme.

#### (f) Goods and services tax (GST)

The Scheme is not registered for GST and consequently all components of the financial statements are stated inclusive of GST where appropriate.

#### (q) Liability for benefits

The Manager calculates the liability for benefits as the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to members. As withdrawal benefits and transfer of member balances are subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, the net assets available for benefit to members has been classified as financial liabilities in accordance with NZ IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

#### Changes in accounting policies and new accounting standards adopted during the year

There have been no significant changes in accounting policies during the year. All policies have been applied on a basis consistent with those used in the prior year. A number of new amendments to standards are effective from 1 April 2024, but these do not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Scheme.

## Issued but not yet effective accounting standards

NZ IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements was issued in May 2024 as a replacement for NZ IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and applies to an annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2027. Most of the presentation and disclosure requirements would largely remain unchanged. NZ IFRS 18 primarily introduces the following:

- · a defined structure for the statements of comprehensive income by classifying items into one of the five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. Entities will also present expenses in the operating category by nature, function, or a mix of both, based on facts and circumstances:
- · disclosure of management-defined performance measures in a single note together with reconciliation requirements; and
- · additional guidance on aggregation and disaggregation principles (applied to all primary financial statements and notes).

The Manager is currently assessing the impact of adopting the standard.

There are no other new standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted that are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Scheme.

## Other new regulatory requirements

Climate statements

The Manager (Smartshares Limited) is a climate reporting entity ("CRE") in respect of the Scheme which it manages in accordance with FMCA 2013. Under New Zealand's mandatory climate-related disclosure legislation, climate statements are required to be produced for the Scheme





2,288,077,939

2,288,077,939

## SuperLife KiwiSaver scheme

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 25

#### Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Unlisted managed investment trusts

Financial instruments measured at fair value are categorised across the following 3 levels based on the degree to which their fair value is

Level 1 - Fair value measurements are derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Fair value measurements are derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable either directly or

Level 3 - Fair value measurements are derived from valuation methods that include inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of the unlisted managed investment trusts are based on their quoted unit price (redemption price), as advised by the Manager. As they are unlisted, they are categorised as level 2 in the hierarchy.

21 March 2025

2,288,077,939

2,288,077,939

		31 March 2	025	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Unlisted managed investment trusts	-	2,509,891,137	-	2,509,891,137
<u> </u>		2,509,891,137	-	2,509,891,137
There were no transfers between levels during the year end	led 31 March 2024.			
		31 March 2	024	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 31 March 2025.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 25

## Investments at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

The movements in the fair value of investments for the year ended 31 March 2025 are as follows:

The movements in the fair valu	de of filvestifients for th	ie year ended 51 Marci	1 2025 die as ioliows.	Nat about a in fair	
	Opening balance	Purchases	Sales	Net change in fair value	Closing balance
- 1	\$	\$	Sales \$	value \$	S S
Funds:		·			
SuperLife Income Fund	234,248,684	38,713,228	(27,208,274)	7,744,851	253,498,489
SuperLife Conservative Fund	26,920,326	11,602,661	(9,240,753)	984,750	30,266,984
SuperLife Balanced Fund	70,495,821	15,881,817	(12,937,972)	3,266,181	76,705,847
SuperLife Growth Fund	60,718,556	12,921,446	(7,310,390)	3,273,400	69,603,013
SuperLife High Growth Fund	636,326,836	51,286,178	(47,192,304)	33,402,465	673,823,175
Superlife Default Fund	554,402,577	71,481,971	(9,899,224)	19,797,350	635,782,674
Ethica Fund	64,968,111	6,747,718	(7,128,564)	3,635,295	68,222,560
Castle Point 5 Oceans Fund	1,138,966	204,663	(572,223)	51,396	822,779
S&P/NZX 50 Fund	4,531,542	2,016,720	(1,364,501)	2,041	5,185,802
NZ Shares Fund	26,152,259	2,118,176	(4,065,228)	(16,814)	24,188,393
NZ Top 50 Fund	58,457,933	5,219,342	(9,625,696)	1,436	54,053,015
NZ Top 10 Fund	6,629,825	1,035,151	(2,022,552)	(86,584)	5,555,840
NZ Mid Cap Fund	7,227,358	1,057,792	(1,550,614)	365,551	7,100,086
NZ Dividend Fund	3,581,658	1,052,617	(1,177,751)	(138,523)	3,318,001
NZ Property Fund	8,244,995	2,510,184	(2,475,312)	(517,930)	7,761,936
S&P/ASX 200 Fund	3,608,759	1,789,272	(1,650,654)	82,526	3,829,903
Australian Shares Fund	21,191,735	2,341,566	(2,970,210)	610,906	21,173,997
Australian Top 20 Fund	4,957,992	1,902,715	(1,402,957)	103,504	5,561,254
Australian Mid Cap Fund	32,595,261	2,812,774	(6,682,321)	1,064,155	29,789,869
Australian Dividend Fund	1,733,578	939,948	(1,195,535)	30,258	1,508,248
Australian Financials Fund	3,301,352	5,569,486	(2,064,367)	519,316	7,325,787
Australian Resources Fund	20,820,739	4,241,230	(7,780,474)	(1,916,137)	15,365,358
Australian Property Fund	3,025,427	1,977,609	(1,685,843)	(40,854)	3,276,339
US 500 Fund	65,304,451	27,677,015	(10,265,136)	7,682,585	90,398,916
US Large Growth Fund	90,116,453	38,161,157	(18,389,489)	8,057,942	117,946,064
US Large Value Fund	11,084,544	4,990,247	(5,359,901)	1,053,008	11,767,898
US Mid Cap Fund	4,229,117	3,005,928	(2,139,054)	225,089	5,321,081
US Small Cap Fund	5,341,781	4,186,802	(3,860,995)	68,135	5,735,724
Overseas Shares Fund	32,068,716	4,262,755	(7,877,047)	3,007,839	31,462,263
Overseas Shares (Currency	25,651,386	2,831,954	(4,063,259)	1,165,024	25,585,106
Hedged) Fund	23,031,300	2,031,934	(4,003,239)	1,100,024	23,363,100
• ,	45040750	4 700 004	(0.777.70.4)	4.005.004	
Total World Fund	15,243,752	6,733,094	(3,777,784)	1,835,031	20,034,093
Total World (NZD Hedged) Fund	3,712,602	1,956,626	(1,558,069)	155,789	4,266,948
Asia Pacific Fund	6,051,796	2,225,207	(1,680,453)	45,498	6,642,049
Emerging Markets Fund	19,708,409	4,305,664	(4,915,687)	2,996,472	22,094,857
Europe Fund	6,026,535	5,753,630	(2,505,406)	787,918	10,062,678
Global Property Fund	16,707,970	2,241,087	(3,641,735)	157,708	15,465,030
NZ Bonds Fund	34,103,252	4,730,891	(5,016,064)	1,709,801	35,527,880
S&P/NZX NZ Government	791,103	1,293,905	(1,118,100)	35,472	1,002,379
Bond Fund	,	.,,	(1,112,122)	,	.,
Overseas Bonds Fund	9,664,662	2,513,351	(2,596,769)	289,579	9,870,822
Overseas Non-government	17,215,871	1,819,121	(1,882,280)	727,321	17,880,033
Bonds Fund			, , , ,		
Global Aggregate Bond Fund	1,393,031	1,603,369	(1,728,013)	30,613	1,299,000
NZ Cash Fund	67,027,616	24,533,732	(23,186,715)	2,482,216	70,856,845
UK Cash Fund	1,354,602	2,655,514	(1,198,372)	140,377	2,952,121
	2,288,077,939	392,905,311	(275,964,046)	104,871,958	2,509,891,137





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 25

## Investments at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

SuperLife Conservative Fund         27,122,308         5,405,627         (7,510,458)         1,902,848         26,92           SuperLife Balanced Fund         63,254,053         9,848,037         (9,741,228)         7,134,958         70,49           SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           Superlife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	\$ 48,684 20,326 95,821 18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
Funds:         \$         \$         \$         \$           SuperLife Income Fund         201,389,031         44,244,070         (16,526,660)         5,142,243         234,22           SuperLife Conservative Fund         27,122,308         5,405,627         (7,510,458)         1,902,848         26,92           SuperLife Balanced Fund         63,254,053         9,848,037         (9,741,228)         7,134,958         70,49           SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           SuperLife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	48,684 20,326 95,821 18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
Funds:         SuperLife Income Fund         201,389,031         44,244,070         (16,526,660)         5,142,243         234,24           SuperLife Conservative Fund         27,122,308         5,405,627         (7,510,458)         1,902,848         26,92           SuperLife Balanced Fund         63,254,053         9,848,037         (9,741,228)         7,134,958         70,49           SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           Superlife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	48,684 20,326 95,821 18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
SuperLife Income Fund         201,389,031         44,244,070         (16,526,660)         5,142,243         234,243           SuperLife Conservative Fund         27,122,308         5,405,627         (7,510,458)         1,902,848         26,92           SuperLife Balanced Fund         63,254,053         9,848,037         (9,741,228)         7,134,958         70,44           SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           SuperLife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	20,326 95,821 18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
SuperLife Conservative Fund         27,122,308         5,405,627         (7,510,458)         1,902,848         26,92           SuperLife Balanced Fund         63,254,053         9,848,037         (9,741,228)         7,134,958         70,49           SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           Superlife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	20,326 95,821 18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
SuperLife Balanced Fund         63,254,053         9,848,037         (9,741,228)         7,134,958         70,49           SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           Superlife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	95,821 18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
SuperLife Growth Fund         48,811,627         8,707,819         (4,078,153)         7,277,263         60,71           SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           Superlife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	18,556 26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
SuperLife High Growth Fund         530,477,742         59,222,659         (46,290,833)         92,917,269         636,32           Superlife Default Fund         423,484,349         77,828,520         (5,032,692)         58,122,401         554,40	26,836 02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
Superlife Default Fund 423,484,349 77,828,520 (5,032,692) 58,122,401 554,40	02,577 68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
	68,111 38,966 31,542 52,259
Ethica Fund 57,206,175 4,696,488 (4,915,893) 7,981,340 64,96	38,966 31,542 52,259
	31,542 52,259
	52,259
	57 032
NZ Top 50 Fund 60,180,721 4,587,514 (7,123,373) 813,071 58,45	
	29,825
	27,358
	81,658
	44,995
	08,759
	91,735
	57,992
	95,261
	33,578
	01,352
	20,739
	25,427
	04,451
	16,453
	84,544
	29,117
	41,781
	68,716
	51,386
Total World Fund 10,592,533 5,194,367 (3,620,070) 3,076,922 15,24	43,752
Total World (NZD Hedged) 2,754,363 1,795,280 (1,519,635) 682,594 3,71	12,602
Asia Pacific Fund 4,283,836 1,665,113 (891,954) 994,801 6,05	51,796
Emerging Markets Fund 17,459,826 2,710,710 (1,898,624) 1,436,497 19,70	08,409
Europe Fund 4,476,750 2,627,954 (1,930,716) 852,547 6,02	26,535
Global Property Fund 15,725,080 2,403,472 (2,792,806) 1,372,225 16,70	07,970
NZ Bonds Fund 31,990,753 4,339,267 (3,458,279) 1,231,511 34,10	03,252
S&P/NZX NZ Government 731,327 594,602 (540,446) 5,619 79	91,103
Overseas Bonds Fund 8,953,325 1,496,478 (1,108,487) 323,346 9,66	64,662
Overseas Non-government 16,062,354 1,735,465 (1,387,736) 805,788 17,21	15,871
	93,031
NZ Cash Fund 70,257,932 15,821,300 (21,558,123) 2,506,507 67,02	27,616
UK Cash Fund 810,202 1,458,272 (1,006,835) 92,963 1,35	54,602
1,884,405,135 343,444,888 (202,234,370) 262,462,309 2,288,07	77,939





Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 25

#### 7 Risk

The Scheme's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The financial risk management disclosures have been prepared on the basis of the Scheme's direct investments and not on a full look through basis for investments held indirectly through the SLI Funds.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

All of the Scheme's investments are in the Funds which are unitised products. Therefore, the Scheme's exposure to market risk is indirect.

#### Currency risk

The Scheme is indirectly exposed to currency risk in that future currency movements will affect the valuation of the Funds which invest in foreign currency denominated investments.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Scheme is indirectly exposed to interest rate risk in that future interest rate movements will indirectly affect the valuation of the Funds which invest in cash and fixed interest investments.

#### Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of the Scheme's investments will increase/decrease due to a change in the unit price of the SLI Funds.

The table below shows the impact on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, due to a reasonably likely change in unit price, with all other variables held constant:

	31 March 2025 \$	31 March 2024 \$
Increase/decrease in net profit/(loss) due to a change in unit prices $\pm /(-)$	65,618,034	69,739,309
Volatility estimate	3%	3%

As of 31 March 2025, a volatility estimate of 2.61% has been applied, derived from the standard deviation of the monthly returns, observed over the five-year period as at 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: five year period ended 31 March 2024). Standard deviation is an industry wide accepted measure for the calculation of risk. The Scheme's volatility estimate is calculated as the weighted average of the volatility estimates disclosed in the financial statements of the Superlife Invest Funds in which the Scheme is invested, as at the same date. The Scheme wholly invests in a number of Funds. Actual movements may be significantly different from the above and will vary depending on the investments held in the Funds.

## (b) Credit risk

The Scheme is exposed to the potential risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of counterparties to fully honour the terms of conditions of a contract with the Scheme. Financial instruments that subject the Scheme to credit risk consist primarily of cash. The maximum credit risk of financial assets is considered to be their carrying value. The balance does not represent the maximum risk exposure that would arise in the future as a result of changes in values, but best represents the current maximum exposure at the reporting date.

## (c) Liquidity risk

In accordance with the Scheme's policy, the Manager monitors the Scheme's liquidity position on a daily basis. Liquidity management is designed to ensure that the Scheme has the ability to generate sufficient cash in a timely manner to meet its financial commitments and normal levels of withdrawals. The Manager regularly monitors market volatility and withdrawal levels to establish the Scheme's appropriate liquidity level. In the event of abnormal levels of withdrawals, timing of payments may depend on the ability of the Scheme to realise its underlying investments on a timely basis.





Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 25

#### 7 Risk (continued)

## (d) Capital management

Net assets available for benefits payable to members is considered to be the Scheme's capital for the purpose of capital management. The scheme is not subject to any external capital adequacy requirements. The Scheme's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to unitholders as well as ensuring the net assets available for benefits to members is sufficient to meet all present and future obligations. In order to meet the objectives for capital management, the Manager reviews the performance of the Scheme on a regular basis.

## (e) Climate related risk management

The Manager is a CRE in respect of the Scheme, pursuant to the provisions of the FMCA 2013. Climate-related disclosures for the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with Actearoa New Zealand Climate Standards and are available at the Climate-Related Disclosures Register. The Scheme is exposed to climate related risks, which are managed through the strategies and processes described in the climate-related disclosures available at the Climate-Related Disclosures Register. The Manager has not identified any material climate related impacts relevant to the current year financial statement of the Scheme.

### 8 Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) before membership activities to net cash flows from operating activities

	31 March 2025 \$	31 March 2024 \$
Net profit before membership activities	102,404,535	260,235,011
Add/(less) non cash items:		
Net changes in fair value of investments	(104,871,958)	(262,462,309)
Add/(less) movements in other working capital items:		
(Increase) in investments	(116,941,265)	(141,210,517)
Decrease/(increase) in other payables	66,324	59,270
Net cash flows from operating activities	(119,342,364)	(143,378,545)

### 9 Related party transactions

## (a) Manager's fees

The Manager is entitled to receive an administration fee of \$30 per annum for each member.

The total fund charges for the Scheme includes fund charges at the investment level and a further 0.10% per annum of net assets available for benefits charged at the Scheme level. The fund charges at the investment level, which is the standard charge applicable to all unit holders of the Funds, are not paid directly by the Scheme to the Manager but the returns credited to the Scheme are net of these fees. The fund charges at the Scheme level are disclosed as Scheme expenses in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and cover audit fees, regulatory and compliance costs and other expenses of the Scheme. The Manager receives any remaining amounts due after all fees and costs of the Scheme are paid. In the event that fees and costs of the Scheme exceed the 0.10% per annum, this shortfall will be covered by the Manager.

The total Manager's fees are as follows:

	3 i Marcii 2025	31 March 2024
	\$	\$
Manager's fee - administration fees	1,002,473	1,004,308
Manager's fee - based on percentage of net assets	2,415,215	1,982,268
	3,417,687	2,986,576
Manager's fee - administration fees payable	21,735	21,730
Manager's fee payable - based on percentage of net assets	212,052	167,418





# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 25

## Related party transactions (continued)

## (b) Directors

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, two directors (31 March 2024: two directors) of Smartshares Limited were members of the Scheme. The directors' membership balance and transactions during the year, in the normal course of business are set out in the following

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	\$	\$
Opening balance	831,580	745,901
Administration fees	(30)	(30)
Contributions	-	1,200
Net changes in fair value	49,501	90,085
PIE tax paid on behalf of member	(10,016)	(5,576)
Closing balance	871,036	831,580

### Fees paid to the auditor

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	\$	\$
Financial statements audit	20,286	19,380
Investor registry compliance assurance	2,173 _	2,115
	22,459	21,495

## **Commitments and contingencies**

There are no material contingent liabilities, collateral or capital commitments as at 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: \$Nil).

#### Subsequent events 12

There have been no further material events after the reporting date that require adjustments to or disclosures in the financial statements.





# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the members of SuperLife KiwiSaver Savings Scheme

Report on the audit of the financial statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of net assets as at 31 March 2025;
- the statements of changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of SuperLife Kiwisaver Savings Scheme (the **Scheme**) on pages 1 to 12 present fairly in all material respects:

- the Scheme's financial position as at 31 March 2025 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date:
- In accordance with New Zealand
   Equivalents to International Financial
   Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS) issued by
   the New Zealand Accounting Standards
   Board and the International Financial
   Reporting Standards issued by the
   International Accounting Standards Board.



We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Funds in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (Including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standards 1 and the IESBA Code.

Our responsibilities under ISAs (NZ) are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

Our firm has provided other services to Smartshares Limited (the "Manager") for statutory audit, controls assurance and registry assurance. The provision of these other services has not impaired our independence as auditor of the Scheme. Subject to certain restrictions, partners and employees of our firm may also deal with the Scheme on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of the Scheme. These matters have not impaired our independence as auditor of the Scheme. The firm has no other relationship with, or interest in, the Scheme.





The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. Materiality helped us to determine the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and on the financial statements as a whole. The materiality for the financial statements as a whole was set to a benchmark of the Scheme's total assets. We chose the benchmark because, in our view, this is a key measure of the Scheme's performance.

# **Example 2** Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements in the current period. We summarise below those matters and our key audit procedures to address those matters in order that the members as a body may better understand the process by which we arrived at our audit opinion.

Our procedures were undertaken in the context of and solely for the purpose of our audit opinion on the financial statements as a whole and we do not express discrete opinions on separate elements of the financial statements.

# The key audit matter How the matter was addressed in our audit

## Valuation and existence of investments

Refer to Note 6 to the financial statements.

The Scheme's portfolio of investments makes up the majority of total assets. We do not consider there to be a high risk of significant misstatement, nor is the accounting for them subject to a significant level of judgement. However, due to their materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole, they are considered to be the areas which had the greatest effect on our overall

Our audit procedures included:

- documenting and understanding the processes in place to record investment transactions and to value the portfolio. This included evaluating the control environment in place at the administration manager/registrar and custodian for the design and operation of those controls throughout the period;
- agreeing the 31 March 2025 valuation of the investments to redemption prices per unit provided by external/third-party sources; and
- agreeing investment holdings to reports received from the registrar that were reviewed by the custodian.

We did not identify any material differences in relation to the existence and carrying value of investments.

# $i\equiv$ Other information

The Manager, on behalf of the Scheme, is responsible for the other information included in the Scheme's Annual Report. Other information may include details and changes to the Scheme and other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover any other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# **★★** Use of this independent auditor's report

This independent auditor's report is made solely to the members as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in the independent auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of KPMG, any entities directly or indirectly controlled by KPMG, or any of their respective members or employees, accept or assume any responsibility and deny all liability to anyone other than the members for our audit work, this independent auditor's report, or any of the opinions we have formed.



# Responsibilities of manager for the financial statements

The manager, on behalf of the Scheme, are responsible for:

- the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with NZ IFRS issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board and the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board;
- implementing the necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a set of financial statements that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- assessing the ability of the Scheme to continue as a going concern. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# \*L Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs NZ will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board (XRB) website at:

https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards/assurance-standards/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-2/

This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.



The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Brent Manning. For and on behalf of:

**KPMG** 

Wellington

28 July 2025

KPMG